F08GQF (CHPEVD/ZHPEVD) - NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

Note. Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F08GQF (CHPEVD/ZHPEVD) computes all the eigenvalues, and optionally all the eigenvectors, of a complex Hermitian matrix held in packed storage. If the eigenvectors are requested, then it uses a divide and conquer algorithm to compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors. However, if only eigenvalues are required, then it uses the Pal-Walker-Kahan variant of the QL or QR algorithm.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO8GQF(JOB, UPLO, N, AP, W, Z, LDZ, WORK, LWORK, RWORK,

LRWORK, IWORK, LIWORK, INFO)

ENTRY chpevd(JOB, UPLO, N, AP, W, Z, LDZ, WORK, LWORK, RWORK,

LRWORK, IWORK, LIWORK, INFO)

INTEGER N, LDZ, LWORK, LRWORK, IWORK(*), LIWORK, INFO

real W(*), RWORK(*)

complex AP(*), Z(LDZ,*), WORK(*)

CHARACTER*1 JOB, UPLO
```

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

3 Description

This routine computes all the eigenvalues, and optionally all the eigenvectors, of a complex Hermitian matrix A (held in packed storage). In other words, it can compute the spectral factorization of A as

$$A = Z\Lambda Z^H$$
,

where Λ is a real diagonal matrix whose diagonal elements are the eigenvalues λ_i , and Z is the (complex) unitary matrix whose columns are the eigenvectors z_i . Thus

$$Az_i = \lambda_i z_i$$
 for $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.

4 References

[1] Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* Johns Hopkins University Press (3rd Edition), Baltimore

5 Parameters

1: JOB — CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates whether eigenvectors are computed as follows:

if JOB = 'N', then only eigenvalues are computed;

if JOB = 'V', then eigenvalues and eigenvectors are computed.

Constraint: JOB = 'N' or 'V'.

2: UPLO — CHARACTER*1

Input

On entry: indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of A is stored as follows:

```
if UPLO = 'U', then the upper triangular part of A is stored;
```

if UPLO = L', then the lower triangular part of A is stored.

Constraint: UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

3: N — INTEGER

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $N \geq 0$.

4: AP(*) — complex array

Input/Output

Note: the dimension of the array AP must be at least max(1,N*(N+1)/2).

On entry: the n by n Hermitian matrix A, packed by columns. More precisely, if UPLO = 'U', the upper triangle of A must be stored with element a_{ij} in AP(i+j(j-1)/2) for $i \leq j$; if UPLO = 'L', the lower triangle of A must be stored with element a_{ij} in AP(i+(2n-j)(j-1)/2) for $i \geq j$.

On exit: A is overwritten by the values generated during the reduction to tridiagonal form. The elements of the diagonal and the off-diagonal of the tridiagonal matrix overwrites the corresponding elements of A.

5: W(*) - real array

Output

Note: the dimension of the array W must be at least max(1,N).

On exit: the eigenvalues of the matrix A in ascending order.

6: Z(LDZ, *) - complex array

Output

Note: the second dimension of the array Z must be at least max(1,N) if JOB = 'V', and at least 1 if JOB = 'N'.

On exit: if JOB = V', then this is overwritten by the unitary matrix Z which contains the eigenvectors of A.

Z is not referenced if JOB = 'N'.

7: LDZ — INTEGER

Input

On entry: the leading dimension of the array Z as declared in the (sub)program from which F08GQF (CHPEVD/ZHPEVD) is called.

Constraints:

```
\begin{split} LDZ &\geq \max(1,N) \text{ if JOB} = \text{'V';} \\ LDZ &\geq 1 \text{ if JOB} = \text{'N'.} \end{split}
```

8: WORK(*) — complex array

Work space

Note: the dimension of the array WORK must be at least LWORK.

On exit: if LWORK > 0, then WORK(1) contains the required minimal size of LWORK.

9: LWORK — INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array WORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08GQF (CHPEVD/ZHPEVD) is called.

Constraints:

```
if N \leq 1, then LWORK \geq 1;
if JOB = 'N' and N > 1, then LWORK \geq N;
if JOB = 'V' and N > 1, then LWORK \geq 2 \times N.
```

10: RWORK(*) — real array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array RWORK must be at least LRWORK.

On exit: if LRWORK > 0, then RWORK(1) contains the required minimal size of LRWORK.

11: LRWORK — INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array RWORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08GQF (CHPEVD/ZHPEVD) is called.

Constraints:

if N \leq 1, then LRWORK \geq 1; if JOB = 'N' and N > 1, then LWORK \geq N; if JOB = 'V' and N > 1, then LRWORK \geq 3 \times N² + (4+2k) \times N + 1 where k is the smallest integer which satisfies $2^k \geq$ N.

12: IWORK(*) — INTEGER array

Work space

Note: the dimension of the array IWORK must be at least LIWORK.

On exit: if LIWORK > 0, then IWORK(1) contains the required minimal size of LIWORK.

13: LIWORK — INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array IWORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08GQF (CHPEVD/ZHPEVD) is called.

Constraints:

```
if N \leq 1, then LIWORK \geq 1;
if JOB = 'N' and N > 1, then LIWORK \geq 1;
if JOB = 'V' and N > 1, then LIWORK \geq 5 \times N + 2.
```

14: INFO — INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, the *i*th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO = i, then the algorithm failed to converge; i indicates the number of elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form which did not converge to zero.

7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix A + E, where

$$||E||_2 = O(\epsilon)||A||_2$$

and ϵ is the *machine precision*.

8 Further Comments

The real analogue of this routine is F08GCF (SSPEVD/DSPEVD).

9 Example

To compute all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the Hermitian matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 + 0.0i & 2.0 + 1.0i & 3.0 + 1.0i & 4.0 + 1.0i \\ 2.0 - 1.0i & 2.0 + 0.0i & 3.0 + 2.0i & 4.0 + 2.0i \\ 3.0 - 1.0i & 3.0 - 2.0i & 3.0 + 0.0i & 4.0 + 3.0i \\ 4.0 - 1.0i & 4.0 - 2.0i & 4.0 - 3.0i & 4.0 + 0.0i \end{pmatrix}$$

9.1 Program Text

Note. The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
FO8GQF Example Program Text.
  Mark 19 Release. NAG Copyright 1999.
   .. Parameters ..
                 NIN, NOUT
  INTEGER
  PARAMETER
                   (NIN=5, NOUT=6)
  INTEGER
                  NMAX, LDZ
  PARAMETER
                  (NMAX=8,LDZ=NMAX)
  INTEGER
                  LWORK, LIWORK, LRWORK, MMAX
  PARAMETER
                  (LWORK=NMAX*NMAX+2*NMAX,LIWORK=2+5*NMAX,
                   LRWORK=4*NMAX*NMAX,MMAX=NMAX*(NMAX+1)/2)
   .. Local Scalars ..
                   I, IFAIL, INFO, J, N
   INTEGER
  CHARACTER
                   JOB, UPLO
   .. Local Arrays ..
  complex
                  AP(MMAX), WORK(LWORK), Z(LDZ,NMAX)
  real
                   RWORK(LRWORK), W(NMAX)
  INTEGER
                   IWORK(LIWORK)
   .. External Subroutines ..
                   XO4DAF, chpevd
  EXTERNAL
   .. Executable Statements ..
  WRITE (NOUT,*) 'FO8GQF Example Program Results'
  Skip heading in data file
  READ (NIN,*)
  READ (NIN,*) N
  IF (N.LE.NMAX) THEN
     READ (NIN,*) UPLO
     Read A from data file
     IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
        READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+J*(J-1)/2),J=I,N),I=1,N)
     ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
        READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+(2*N-J)*(J-1)/2),J=1,I),I=1,N)
     END IF
     READ (NIN,*) JOB
     Calculate all the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of A
     CALL chpevd(JOB, UPLO, N, AP, W, Z, LDZ, WORK, LWORK, RWORK, LRWORK,
                  IWORK,LIWORK,INFO)
     WRITE (NOUT, *)
     IF (INFO.GT.O) THEN
        WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Failure to converge.'
     ELSE
        Print eigenvalues and eigenvectors
        WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Eigenvalues'
        DO 20 I = 1, N
           WRITE (NOUT,99999) I, W(I)
20
        CONTINUE
```

9.2 Program Data

```
FO8GQF Example Program Data

4 :Value of N
'L' :Value of UPLO

(1.0, 0.0)
(2.0, 1.0) (2.0, 0.0)
(3.0, 1.0) (3.0, 2.0) (3.0, 0.0)
(4.0, 1.0) (4.0, 2.0) (4.0, 3.0) (4.0, 0.0) :End of matrix A
'V' :Value of JOB
```

9.3 Program Results

F08GQF Example Program Results

```
Eigenvalues
```

```
1 -4.2443
2 -0.6886
3 1.1412
4 13.7916
```

Eigenvectors

```
1 2 3 4

1 0.4836 0.6470 -0.4456 -0.3859

0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000

2 0.2912 -0.4984 -0.0230 -0.4441

-0.3618 -0.1130 -0.5702 0.0156

3 -0.3163 0.2949 0.5331 -0.5173

-0.3696 0.3165 0.1317 -0.0844

4 -0.4447 -0.2241 -0.3510 -0.5277

0.3406 -0.2878 0.2261 -0.3168
```